

EUROPEAN AUTOMOTIVE SUPPLIERS AT A GLANCE





75% of the value of a vehicle comes from its parts, components, and systems



30% investment of R&D in the EU, making it the top private investor



over €30 billion invest yearly in research and development



1.7 million direct jobs are generated



+39,000 new patents are registered each year



30,000 parts makes an average car and CLEPA members cover all of them



64 years advocating for safer, smarter, and more sustainable mobility



+120 global car part suppliers



+20 national trade associations



+3,000 companies across the entire supply chain

CLEPA is the voice of the EU automotive supplier industry linking the sector to policy makers



Emissions





Competitiveness









Digitalisation





- 1. Sustainability in the industry
- 2. Economic environment
- 3. Political Environment



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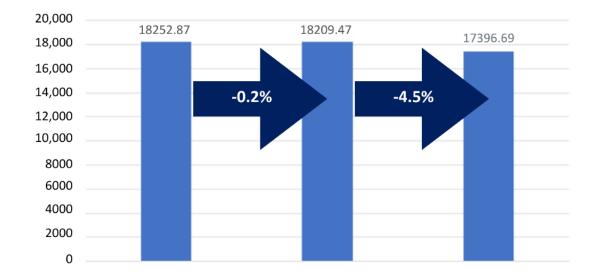
SUSTAINABILITY IN THE INDUSTRY



More than 800 thousand MT of CO2 were saved in 2022 compared to 2020

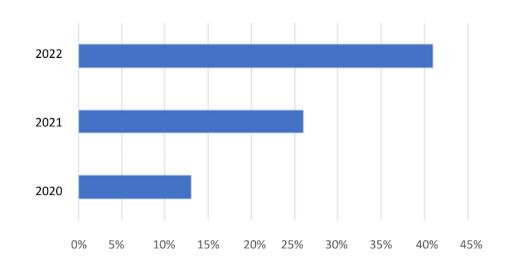
2022

Figure 1 **CO2e emissions (1,000 metric tons)**Source: CLEPA analysis



2021

Figure 2 **Percentage of total renewable energy use**Source: CLEPA analysis



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2020

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Economic situation: State of the automotive supply industry in an inflationary environment



Powertrain Electrification

Digitalization

Connectivity

Sustainability



Covid

Geopolitical tensions

Inflation

Natural Desasters

Labor **Shortages**

Volatility

Russia/ **Ukraine** **Financing** costs

> **Semi-conductor** crisis

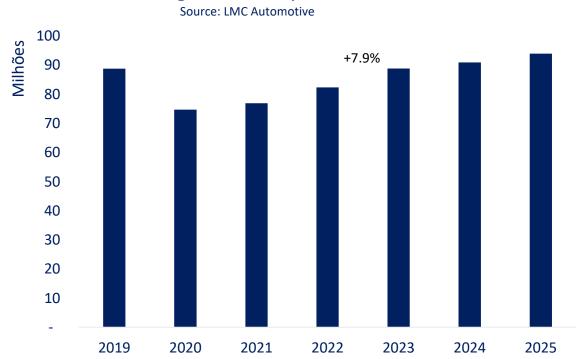


Resilience

VOLUME OUTLOOK



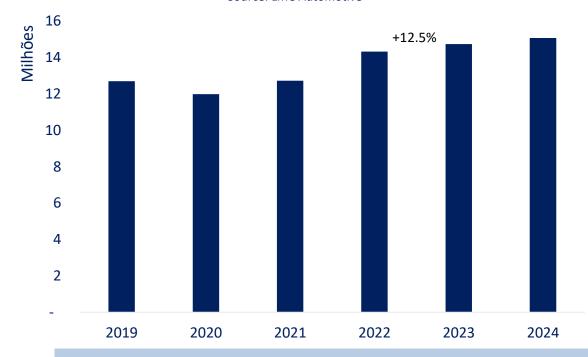
Global light vehicle production



- 2023 with 7.9% YoY growth, buit still belopw precrisis level
- Global production of BEVs and PHEVs surpasses 14 mln. units in 2023 (16% market share)
- Production of battery electric vehicles alone reaches 11 mln. at end of the year

Global light vehicle production Europe





- 2023 growth in EU could reach 12.5%
- EU production of BEVs and PHEVs close to 3 mln. units
- Production may not return to 2019 levels until 2030

ELECTRIFICATION IN DIFFERENT MARKETS



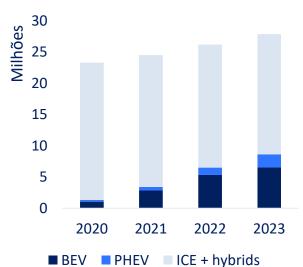






Vehicle production China, by powertrain type

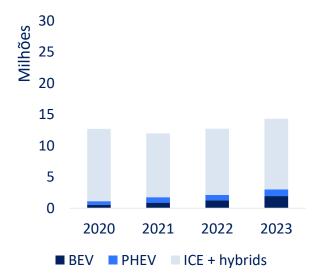
Source: LMC Automotive



>20% of produced vehicles in China is EV (BEV+PHEV) BEV forecast to surpass ICE by 2030?

Vehicle production EU, by powertrain type

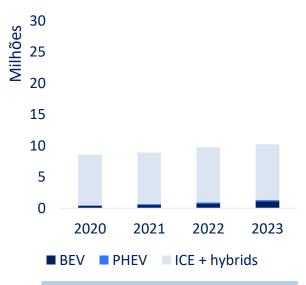
Source: LMC Automotive



21% of produced vehicles in EU is somehow electrified

Vehicle production US, by powertrain type

Source: LMC Automotive

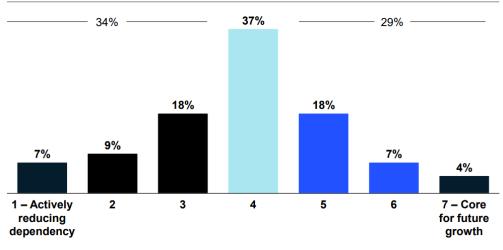


13% of produced vehicles in US is EV

CHINA



How do you assess future opportunities for growth and perceived risk on the Chinese market?¹



N=156 (September 18th – October 6th, 2023)

Source: McKinsey CLEPA Pulse Check Survey

China remains important part of growth strategy

Around ¼ suppliers well positioned to compete in Chinese market

We'll sse COEM's arrivimng in Europe

% well prepared to face competition on the Chinese market

Source: CLEPA McKinsey pulse check



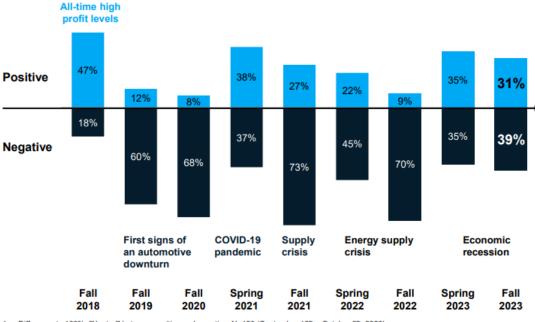
"In 2022, China represented 18% of the group's sales. Chinese OEMs, both traditional and new, represent more than 40% of our OEM sales and 45% of our order intake in the country," leading French supplier.

"28% of our global sales are generated in Asia Pacific – 60% of this in China." leading German supplier

"23% of the Group's total order intake is in China, reflects the strengthening of the partnership with BYD and new awards with other Chinese OEMs. The share of Chinese OEMs within total China order intake rose to 65%," leading French supplier.

General outlook

What is your general outlook for the automotive supplier industry?1



Difference to 100%: "Neutral" between positive and negative. N=156 (September 18th – October 6th, 2023)

Source: McKinsey CLEPA Pulse Check Survey

Outlook overall mixed

- 31% holds a positive outlook for next 12 months
- 39% holds a negative outlook

- We are continuously challenged on the cost side, but at least our restructuring is progressing well
- The business climate for Europe is unclear at the moment and it is hard to have an estimate for the next months
- Still quite unstable and unpredictable. Price and cost will not return to the pre-Covid normal.

McKinsey & Company

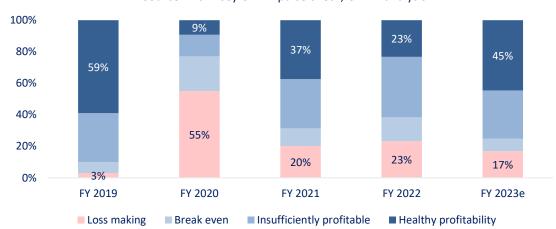
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Profitability



Automotive supply industry profitability radar

Source: McKinsey CLEPA pulse check; CLEPA analysis



- Share of suppliers operating at a healthy profitability level (EBIT) remains below pre-pandemic levels
- 45% of suppliers operates at healthy profitability, up from 23% in 2022

- Despite some challenges in our environment, we see decent revenues
- The situation for us has clearly improved compared to recent years
- With one word: Challenging.
 There is huge uncertainty,
 and we are affected by high
 demand variability
- We are feeling quite some uncertainty around the demand for EV

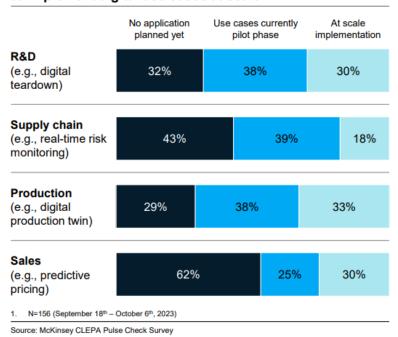
McKinsey & Company

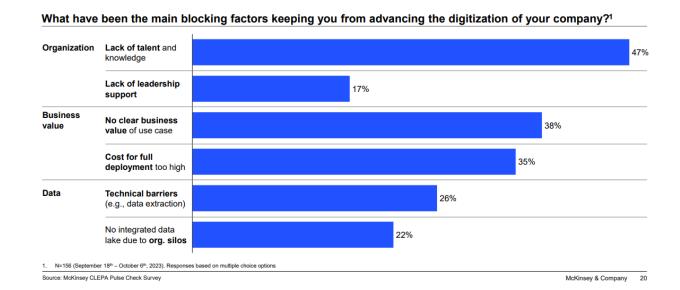
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Digitalisation & Talent acquisition



In which areas is your company implementing or exploring to implement digital use cases at scale?¹





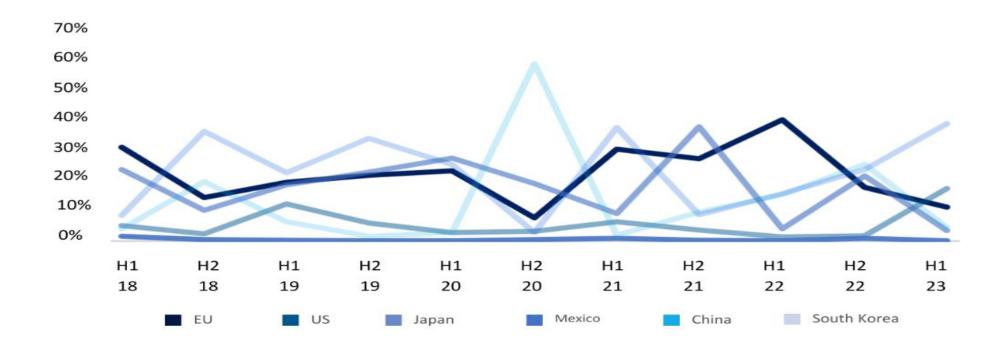
Lack of talent and "war for talent" slows down the transformation

EU suppliers face FDI decline and new challengers

Figure 3

Share of global FDI into automotive components, by sourc Source: FDI Markets





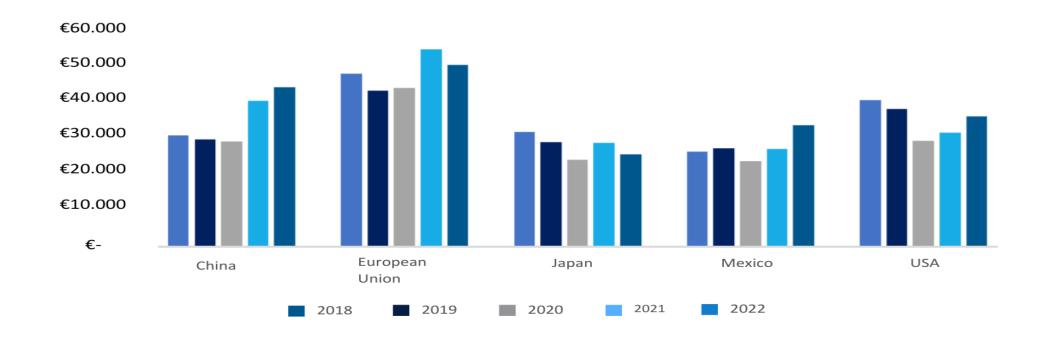
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EU's export dominance of conventional components seeing growing pressure

Figure 4 **Export of automotive components (excl. batteries)**Source: UN Comtrade





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Political agenda: Wrapping up legislation, gearing up for election campaign

WRAPPING UP THE AGENDA 2019-24

Priority topics....



Euro 7

Objectives

- Adoption of the regulation within the legislative term
- Meaningful ambition for air quality and stimulating innovation
 - Realistic time window for implementation

Challenges

- Limited ambition across the board

Key activities, Timing

- Joint industry statement, outreach to policymakers during trilogue phase

Access to in vehicle data

Objectives

- Ensure a proposal by the European Commission on access to invehicle data

Challenges

- Not a priority for the responsible Commissioner
- Proposal long overdue, now expected end-of-year
- Risk of further delay for the duration of the EU elections

Key activities

- Outreach to decision makers in coordination with likeminded associations, prepare the debate in the EP& Council

CO2 standards for trucks

Objectives

- Realistic short/medium term targets
- Maintain technology openness (H2 ICE, FCEV, e-trailer, renewable fuels)

Challenges

- Very critical interlocutors in the European Parliament

Key activities

- Communication and advocacy campaign #TruckDiversity, inform debate in the EP and Council

PFAS restriction

Objectives

- Derogations for critical applications; exclusion of fluoropolymers; exemptions for vehicles/parts/replacements already on the market

Challenges

- Strong environmental aims of COM and MS, industry impact analysis very complex and expensive

Key activities

- Identify PFAS use in automotive, define critical applications, issue socio-economic impact analysis, cooperation with ACEA



2024: Election Year

OUTLOOK 2024

President von der Leyen's State of the Union 13/9, some key messages

"Similar investigations often lead to an increase of a tariff by 10 to 20%"

Stricter climate ambition?



renew europe. Anti-subsidy investigation into EVs coming from China

OUTLOOK 2024-29



Agenda.....

